

Ho:YAG

Ho:YAG Ho³⁺ ions doped into insulating laser crystals have exhibited 14 inter-manifold laser channels, operating in temporal modes from CW to mode-locked. Ho:YAG is commonly used as an efficient means to generate 2.1- μm laser emission from the ⁵I₇- ⁵I₈ transition, for applications such as laser remote sensing, medical surgery, and pumping Mid-IR OPO's to achieve 3-5micron emission. Direct diode pumped systems, and Tm: Fiber Laser pumped system have demonstrated high slope efficiencies, some approaching the theoretical limit.



Basic Properties	
Ho ³⁺ concentration range	0.005 - 100 atomic %
Emission Wavelength	2.01 μm
Laser Transition	⁵ I ₇ \rightarrow ⁵ I ₈
Flouresence Lifetime	8.5 ms
Pump Wavelength	1.9 μm
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	$6.14 \times 10^{-6} \text{ K}^{-1}$
Thermal Diffusivity	$0.041 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ s}^{-2}$
Thermal Conductivity	$11.2 \text{ W m}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$
Specific Heat (Cp)	$0.59 \text{ J g}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$
Thermal Shock Resistant	800 W m^{-1}
Refractive Index @ 632.8 nm	1.83
Melting Point	1965°C
Density	4.56 g cm^{-3}
MOHS Hardness	8.25
Young's Modulus	335 Gpa
Crystal Structure	Cubic
Standard Orientation	<111>
Y ³⁺ Site Symmetry	D ₂
Lattice Constant	a=12.013 Å

Technical Parameters

Wavefront distortion	L/8per inch @633nm
Extinction ratio	>28dB
Tolerance: Rods with diameter	(+0、-0.05)mm,(±0.5) mm
Surface quality	10/5 Scratch/dig per MIL-O-1380A
Parallelism	<10arc seconds
Perpendicularity	<5arc minutes
Aperture	>90%
Flatness	$\lambda/10@ 633 \text{ nm}$

Absorption coefficient

