

Named for Thomas Young's classic proof of the wave theory of light in 1803. While Young's original experiment used sunlight and calculated the average wavelength to be 550 nm, today using monochromatic and coherent light one can calculate wavelength with the following formula:

In which,  $\lambda$  is the wavelength of the light

d is the separation of the slits

n is the order of maximum observed (for first order n=1)

x is the distance between the bands of light and the central maximum (also called fringe

distance)

L is the distance from the slits to the screen centerpoint

These elements may be used to demonstrate Young's Interference Fringes, Michelson's Stellar Interferometer (for measuring the separation between double stars) or other applications requiring measurement of the separation between point sources.

Contact us for Custom Quoted Slit Width and Spacing

## Specifications

Diameter	9.5mm +0.025 / -0.050mm (0.374in +0.000984 / -0.00197in)
Center Spacing	3 μm slits : 9 μm Spacing (Center to center) 50 μm slits : 150 μm Spacing (Center to Center) 100 μm slits : 300 μm Spacing (Center to Center)

## Slit Tolerances

Diameter	Tolerance +/-	
3 µm	± 1µm	
50 µm	± 5µm	

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Unit Conversion Chart

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± 10µm

Thickness	0.013mm (0.000512")	100 µm+
Material	Stainless Steel (SS-304)	

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1 (410) 592-3362 (Fax)

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Lenox Laser, Inc. 12530 Manor Rd. Glen Arm, MD 21057

1 (800) 49-HOLES (46537)

(410) 592-5300

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