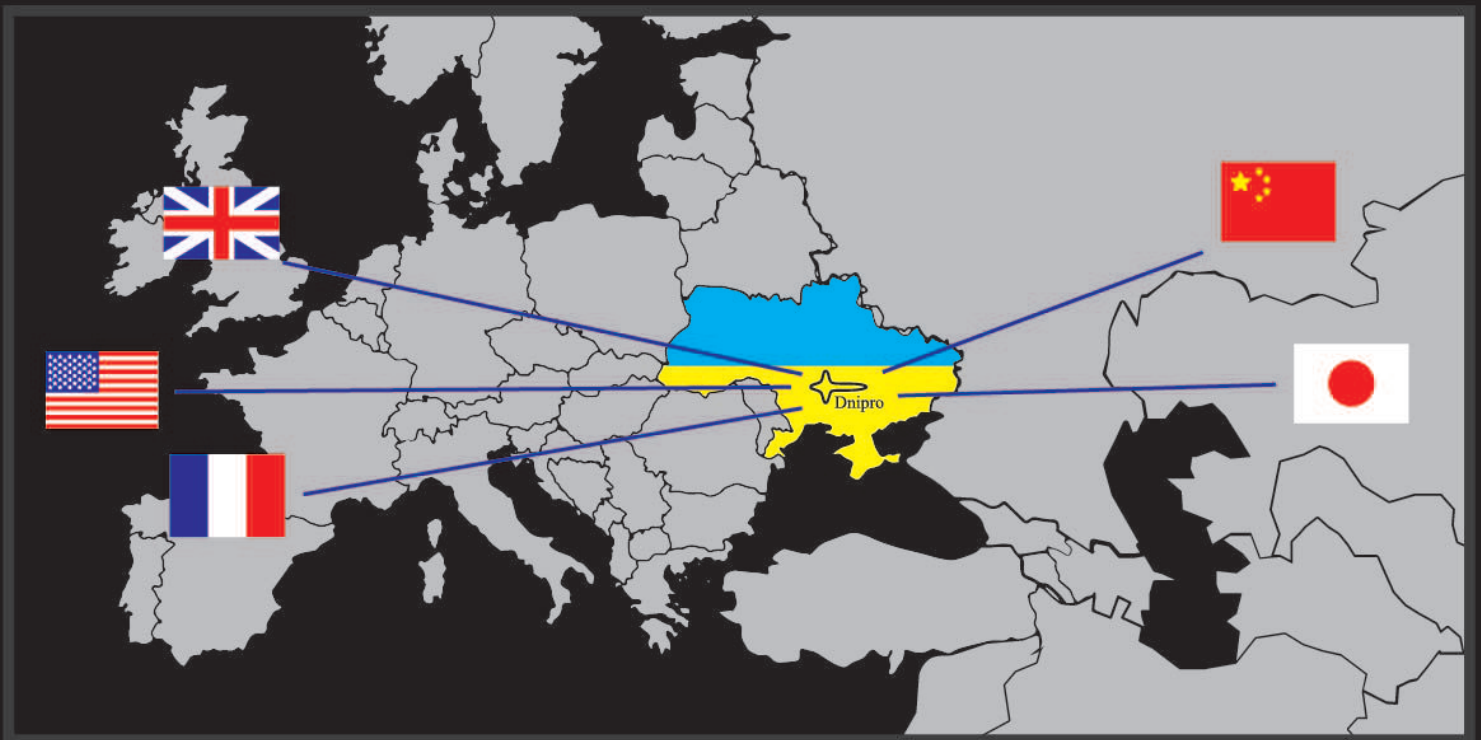




Elent A *Elent Technics*

successful Ukrainian manufacturer of TeO₂ single crystals since 1992.



Gogol Str. 15, Dnipro, 49044, Ukraine

Tel/Fax: +38-056-7901235, 7901236, 7901237

www.elent-a.net; elentcrystals@gmail.com

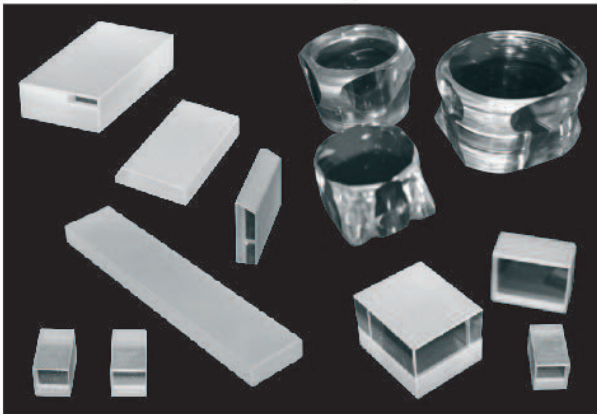
info@elent-a.net



TeO₂ - The best Acousto-Optical birefringent crystal

Application - AO modulators (telecommunication), AO deflectors (2D scanning), AO Tunable Filters (spectral analysis), polarizing optics

- Czochralski growth method
- High laser quality and uniformity of all crystal volume
- No bubbles, inclusions, striae and mechanical stresses
- Minimum scattering on microdefects

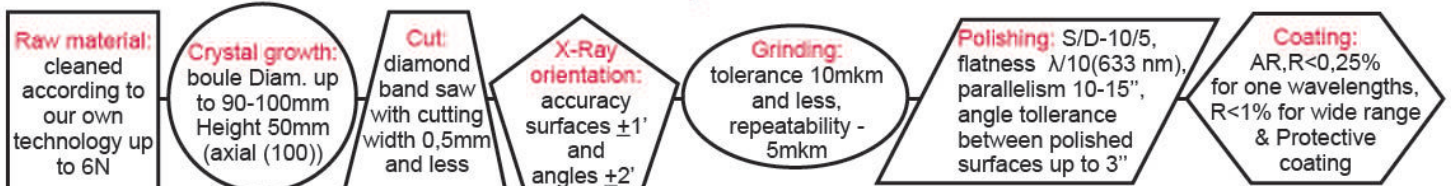


Specification	
Material	TeO ₂ - Colorless synthetic single crystal
Symmetry	Tetragonal, 422 (D4)
Lattice distances	a = 4.8122 Å ; c = 7.6157 Å
Molecular weight	159.5
Density, g/cm ³	5.99 ± 0.03
Melting point	733 °C
Transmission:	0.35 - 5.0 μm
Power capability	200 MWt/cm ² or 2 x 10 ⁸ W/cm ² (1064 nm, 12 ns, 1Hz)

We offer several material types for various application:

- Standard material is better for the range 0,450-2,5 mkm;
- TeO₂ crystal grown under special technology maximizing transmittans in the range 0,350 - 0,450 mkm - for application sensitive to the solarization effect;
- TeO₂ crystal grown under special technology minimizing absorption on - OH group in the range 2,7 - 3,2 mkm - for application demanded plane transmission range.

Capabilities



Typical sizes (blanks stock items)

Item ID#	Sizes, mm along axis	X-ray accuracy	Size Tolerance	Surface [110]	Surface [1-10]	Surface [001]
BC-01-CP1	10(110)x25(1-10)x6(001)	<5'	±0,25 mm	S/D-80/60, λ	ground 15 μm grit	ground 15 μm grit
BC-02-CP1	20(110)x32(1-10)x10(001)	<5'	±0,25 mm	S/D-80/60, λ	ground 15 μm grit	ground 15 μm grit
BC-03-CP1	13(110)x33(1-10)x13(001)	<5'	±0,25 mm	ground 15 μm grit	ground 15 μm grit	S/D-80/60, λ
BC-04-CP2	25(110)x30(1-10)x25(001)	<5'	±0,25 mm	S/D-80/60, λ	ground 15 μm grit	S/D-80/60, λ
BC-05-CP1	15(110)x45(1-10)x55(001)	<5'	±0,25 mm	ground 15 μm grit	ground 15 μm grit	S/D-80/60, λ
BC-06-FP2	20(110)x35(1-10)x8(001)	<2'	±0,10 mm	S/D-10/5, λ/4	ground 15 μm grit	S/D-20/10, λ/4
BC-07-FP2	19(110)x38(1-10)x13(001)	<2'	±0,10 mm	S/D-20/10, λ/2	ground 15 μm grit	ground 15 μm grit
BC-08-Gr	2(110)x25(1-10)x25(001)	<10'	±0,5 mm	ground 15 μm grit	ground 15 μm grit	ground 15 μm grit

Note

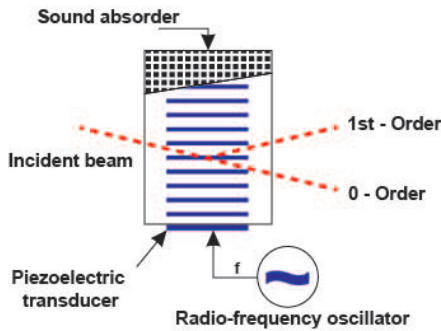
- Other crystal sizes, orientation, polishing can be also supplied according to your specific requirements.



TeO₂ - The best Acousto-Optical birefringent crystal

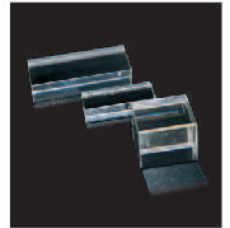
Some typical application

Acousto-optical modulators (AOM)

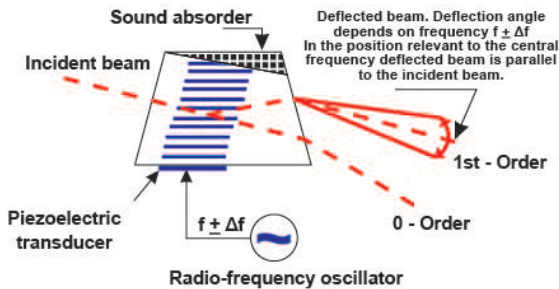


AOM main characteristics	Typical values
Optical Wavelength Range	514nm, 633nm, 1064nm, 1330nm
Optical Aperture	0.3 mm - 3 mm
Operating Mode	Longitudinal, axis (001)
Optical Rise Time	9-200 nsec on beam diameter
Beam Separation (633 nm)	10-30 mrad
Diffraction Efficiency	70-85 %
RF Drive Power	500-1000 mwatts
Modulation Frequency (-3db)	6-50 MHz

AOM blanks with different interaction length

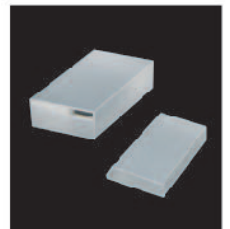


Acousto-optical Deflectors/Scanners (AOD) anisotropic diffraction

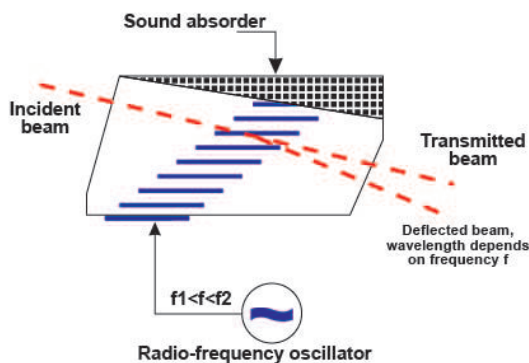


AOD main characteristics	Typical values
Optical Wavelength Range	514nm, 633nm, 1064nm, 1330nm
Optical Aperture	1 mm - 20 mm
Operating Mode	Slow shear, off axis
Beam Separation (80 MHz)	60-80 mrad
Deflection Angle	30-60 mrad
Diffraction Efficiency	70-85 %
RF Drive Power	1-5 watts
Access Time	1.5 μs/mm beam width

AOD blanks 13x14x20 mm 9x10x17 mm



Acousto-optical Tunable Filters. Noncollinear propagation (AOTF)



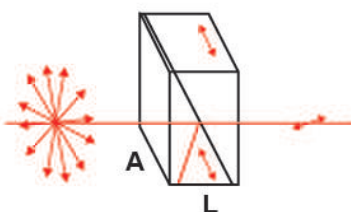
AOTF main characteristics	Typical values
Optical Wavelength Range	355nm - 5000 nm
Optical Aperture	1 mm - 20 mm
Operating Mode	Slow shear, off axis
Transmission Bandwidth FWHM	3-15 nm
Frequency Range:	17-200 MHz
Diffraction Efficiency	90-95 %
Field of View	±1-3°
Pointing stability of diffracted order	± 0.01° typical

AOTF blanks 8x25x42 mm

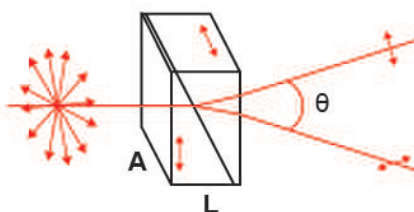


Polarizing Optics

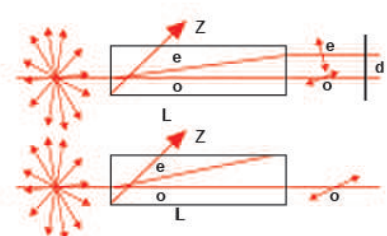
Glan Polarizing Prism



Wollaston Polarizing Prism



Beam Displacers



Note

- For polarizing optic details please see correspondent pages with prism types and beam displacer information.

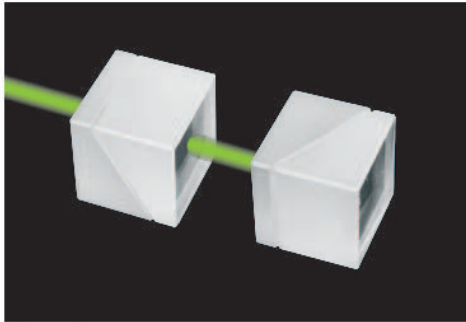


TeO₂ - Glan Polarizing Prism (glued) | GPGL

The most popular prism for linear polarizing light

Application - scientific & industrial fields where polarizing light is used

- Two prisms are connected with a glue with a specially selected refractive index
- Working is ordinary beam extraordinary beam is absorbed by side surface
- Angular aperture two times larger the prism air-clearance



Specification	
Material	TeO ₂
Extinction ratio	<1:100000
Power capability	200 MWt/cm ² or 2 x 10 ⁸ W/cm ² (1064 nm, 12 ns, 1 Hz)
Surfaces quality (S/D)	20/10
Flatness	1/4 lambda (633 nm)

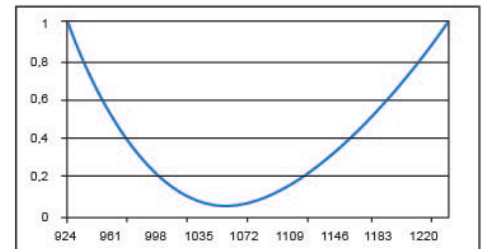
Coatings

Standard prisms are supplied without coating.

According to your request we can put AR coating on in and out prism faces for selected wavelength with R<0,4%.

Also we offer multilayer broadband AR or Protective coatings to in and out prism faces.

For detailed information please see part [Coating](#).



We offer four prism types:

Type **GPGL-Vt** - 370 - 460 nm basic wavelength is 405 nmα = 8,00° (for this wavelength α max and symmetrical)

Type **GPGL-Vis** - 430 - 700 nm basic wavelength is 514 nmα = 7,69° (for this wavelength α max and symmetrical)

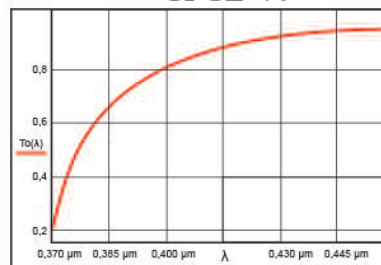
Type **GPGL-NIR** - 600 - 1800 nm basic wavelength is 800 nmα = 7,47° (for this wavelength α max and symmetrical)

Type **GPGL-MIR** - 1000 - 5000 nm basic wavelength is 1330 nmα = 7,40° (for this wavelength α max and symmetrical)

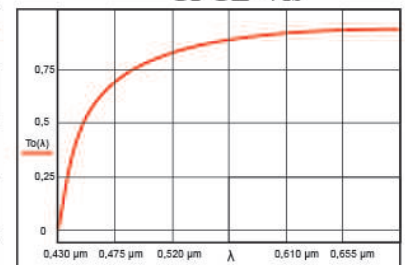
	Recommended optical window mm	Size, A, mm	Length, L, mm
GPGL-Vt-10-13	10	10	13
GPGL-Vt-12-15	12	12	15
GPGL-Vt-16-19	16	16	19
GPGL-Vt-20-23	20	20	23
GPGL-Vt-25-27	25	25	27
GPGL-Vt-30-31	30	30	31
GPGL-Vt-35-35	35	35	35
GPGL-Vt-40-40	40	40	40
GPGL-Vis-10-13	10	10	13
GPGL-Vis-12-15	12	12	15
GPGL-Vis-16-19	16	16	19
GPGL-Vis-20-23	20	20	23
GPGL-Vis-25-27	25	25	27
GPGL-Vis-30-31	30	30	31
GPGL-Vis-35-35	35	35	35
GPGL-Vis-40-40	40	40	40

Transmission coefficient of ordinary To ray

GPGL-Vt

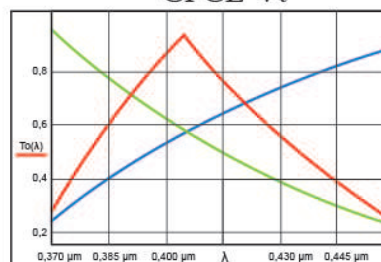


GPGL-Vis

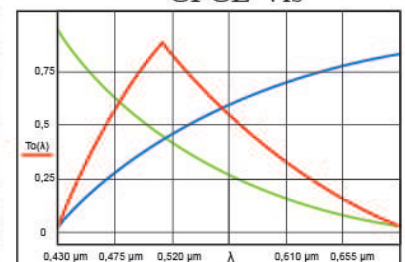


Angle Aperture

GPGL-Vt



GPGL-Vis



Note

- Full angular aperture is equal to the doubled value of minimum aperture;
- Other types of GPGL-NIR and GPGL-MIR are also available;
- Upon your request we can supply prisms with any selected base wavelength and with aperture up to 50mm;
- Mounted prisms are also available upon request.

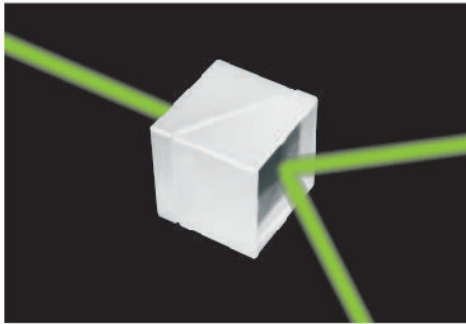


TeO₂ - Wollaston Polarizing Prism | WPP

Prism separates the incident beam into two linearly polarized beams with orthogonal polarizing orientation

Application - phase-contrast microscopes, interferometers etc.

- Two prisms where optic axes are mutually perpendicular are cemented together
- Light propagation direction doesn't coincide with optic axis in no one prism half that completely excludes parasitic effect of crystals optical activity



Specification	
Material	TeO ₂
Extinction ratio	<1:100000
Power capability	200 MWt/cm ² or 2 x 10 ⁸ W/cm ² (1064 nm, 12 ns, 1 Hz)
Surfaces quality (S/D)	20/10
Flatness	1/4 lambda (633 nm)

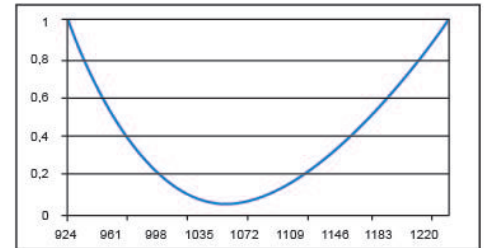
Coatings

Standard prisms are supplied without coating.

According to your request we can put AR coating on in and out prism faces for selected wavelength with R<0,4%.

Also we offer multilayer broadband AR or Protective coatings to in and out prism faces.

For detailed information please see part [Coating](#).



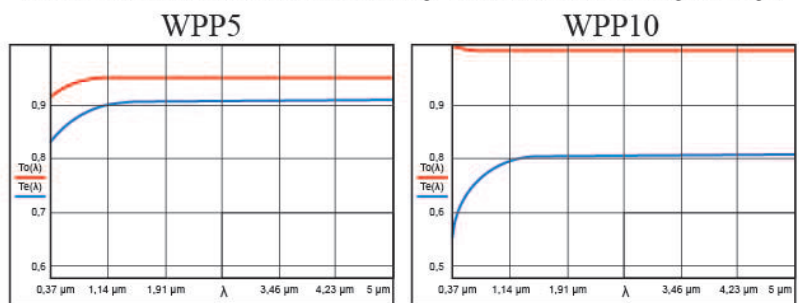
We offer two prism types:

Type **WPP5** - beam displace $\theta=5$ degrees for 633 nm with ration of lenght to the aperture $L/A=0,5-1$

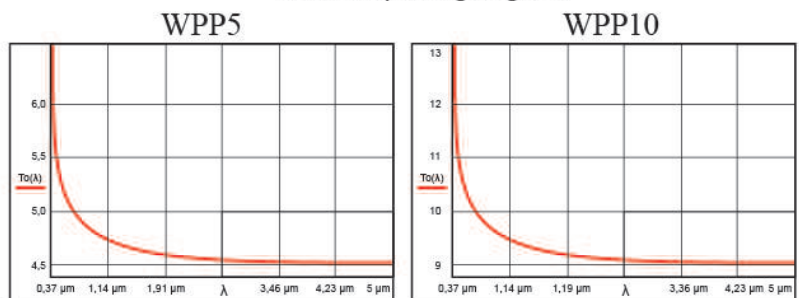
Type **WPP10** - beam displace $\theta=10$ degrees for 633 nm with ration of lenght to the aperture $L/A=0,8-1,2$

	Recommended optical window mm	Size, A, mm	Length, L, mm
WPP5-10-10	10	10	13
WPP5-12-11	12	12	11
WPP5-16-12	16	16	12
WPP5-20-13	20	20	13
WPP5-25-14	25	25	14
WPP5-30-16	30	30	16
WPP5-35-18	35	35	18
WPP5-40-20	40	40	20
WPP10-10-12	10	10	12
WPP10-12-14	12	12	14
WPP10-16-17	16	16	17
WPP10-20-19	20	20	19
WPP10-25-22	25	25	22
WPP10-30-25	30	30	25
WPP10-35-28	35	35	28
WPP10-40-32	40	40	32

Transmission coefficient of ordinary **To** and extraordinary **Te** rays

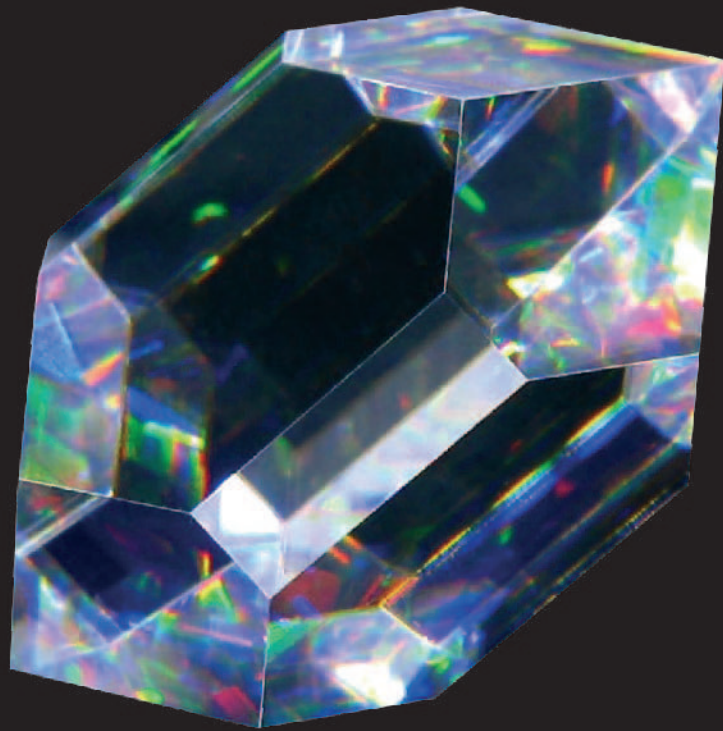


Beam displacing angle θ



Note

- Separation angle and transmission will vary depending on the wavelength, please see upper schedules;
- Upon your request we can supply prisms with aperture up to 50 mm;
- Mounted prisms are also available upon request.



ART OF SCIENCE



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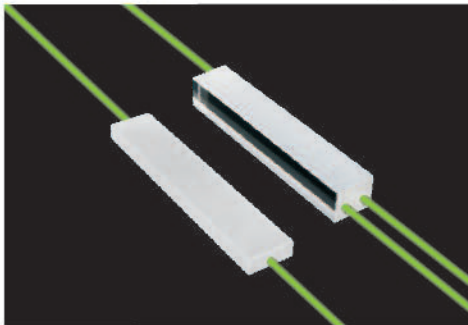
TeO₂ - Beam Displacer & Beam Polarizer | **BD & BP**

BD separates the incident beam into two linearly polarized beams with orthogonal polarizing orientation

BP gives linear polarizing light

Application - microscopes, interferometers etc.

- One piece crystal with a special orientation of the optical axis
- Outer beams are parallel to each other at a specified distance
- Ordinary ray propagates without changes, extraordinary - deflects inside the the crystal
- In BP - extraordinary ray is absorbed by the side surface
- Minimum absorption over the whole range of use
- Wide range of uses from 0.35 to 5 μm



Specification	
Material	TeO ₂
Extinction ratio	<1:100000
Power capability	200 MW/cm ² or 2 x 10 ⁸ W/cm ² (1064 nm, 12 ns, 1 Hz)
Surfaces quality (S/D)	20/10
Flatness	1/4 lambda (633 nm)

Coatings

Standard prisms are supplied without coating.

According to your request we can put AR coating on in and out prism faces for selected wavelength with R<0,4%.

Also we offer multilayer broadband AR or Protective coatings to in and out prism faces.

For detailed information please see part [Coating](#).

We offer five types of BD & BP:

Type **BP3** - separation distance of the output beam is 3 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

Type **BP4** - separation distance of the output beam is 4 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

Type **BP5** - separation distance of the output beam is 5 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

Type **BP6** - separation distance of the output beam is 6 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

Type **BP7** - separation distance of the output beam is 7 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

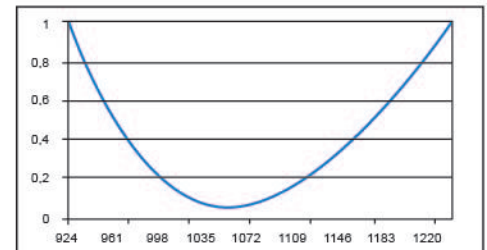
Type **BD3** - separation distance of the output beam is 3 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

Type **BD4** - separation distance of the output beam is 4 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

Type **BD5** - separation distance of the output beam is 5 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

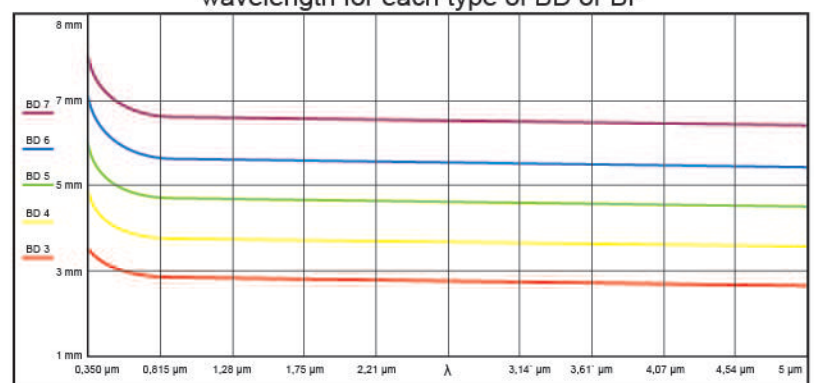
Type **BD6** - separation distance of the output beam is 6 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm

Type **BD7** - separation distance of the output beam is 7 mm for a wavelength of 633 mm



	Apertura, AxB, mm	Length, L, mm
BP3-3-46	3x3	46
BP4-4-61.5	4x4	61.5
BP5-5-76.5	5x5	76.5
BP6-6-92	6x6	92
BP7-7-107	7x7	107
BD3-7-46	3x7	46
BD4-9-61.5	4x9	61.5
BD5-11-76.5	5x11	76.5
BD6-13-92	6x13	92
BD7-15-107	7x15	107

Dependence of the distance separating output beam on wavelength for each type of BD or BP



Note

- Upon your request we can supply BD & BP with aperture and beam separation distance;
- Mounted BD & BP are also available upon request.

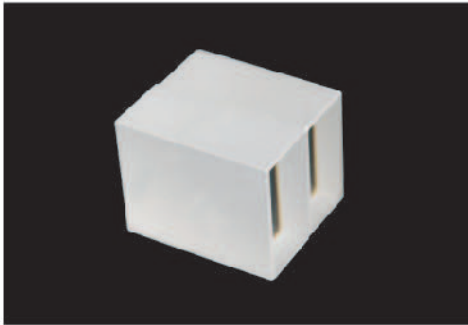


TeO₂ - Conoscopic Plates | CP

CP separates the incident beam into two lineary polarized beams with orthogonal polarizing orientation

Application - conoscopic holography, 3-D scanning system, Savart interferometers etc.

- High birefringence index
- Wide range of uses from 0.35 to 5 μm
- Outer beams are parallel to each other at a specified distance
- Minimum absorption over the whole range of use
- Aperture diameter up to 40 mm



Specification	
Material	Uniaxial TeO ₂ crystal
Birefringence index	$\Delta n = n_e - n_o = 2.412 - 2.26 = 0.153 @ 633\text{nm}$
Extinction ratio	<1:100000
Surfaces quality (S/D)	20/10
Flatness	1/4 λ (633 nm)

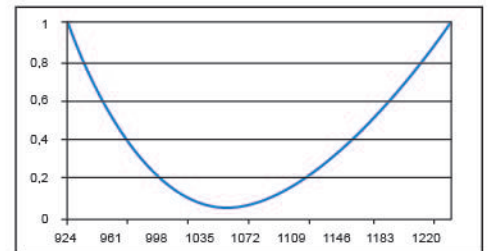
Coatings

Standard prisms are supplied without coating.

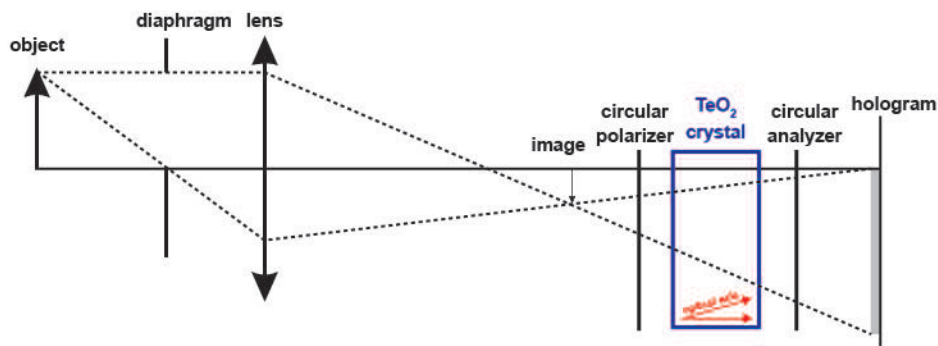
According to your request we can put AR coating on in and out prism faces for selected wavelength with $R < 0,4\%$.

Also we offer multilayer broadband AR or Protective coatings to in and out prism faces.

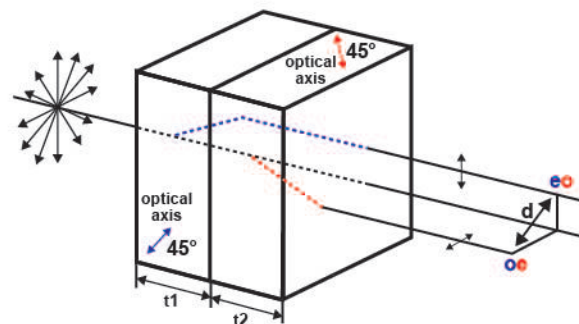
For detailed information please see part [Coating](#).



We'd like to offer our industrial and scientific and customers to use TeO₂ plates as a new material in typical schemes for conoscopic holography and Savart interferometry.



Conoscopic holography



Savart system

Note

- Upon your request we can supply CP with aperture and beam separation distance;
- Mounted BP are also available upon request.



PbMoO₄ - Acousto-Optical birefringent crystal

Application – AO modulators (telecommunication), AO deflectors (2D scanning), AO Tunable Filters (spectral analysis), polarizing optics

- Czochraiski growth method
- High laser quality and uniformity of all crystal volume
- No bubbles, Inclusions, striaes and mechanical stresses
- Minimum scattering on microdefects



Specification	
Material	PbMoO ₄ - light yellow, yellow orange, etc, synthetic single crystal
Symmetry	Tetragonal 4/m ($\bar{4}$)
Lattice distances	a=5.435 Å; c=12.11 Å
Molecular weight	367.1
Density, g/cm ³	6.95
Melting point	1065
Transmission	0.42 – 5.55 μm

Te - Acousto-Optical crystal

Application – AO modulators (telecommunication), AO deflectors AO Tunable Filters (spectral analysis)

- Bridgmann growth method



Specification	
Material	Te - silver gray
Symmetry	Trigonal 32 (D3)
Lattice distances	a=4.457 Å; c=5.929 Å
Molecular weight	127.6
Density, g/cm ³	6.25
Melting point	450
Transmission	4-20 μm



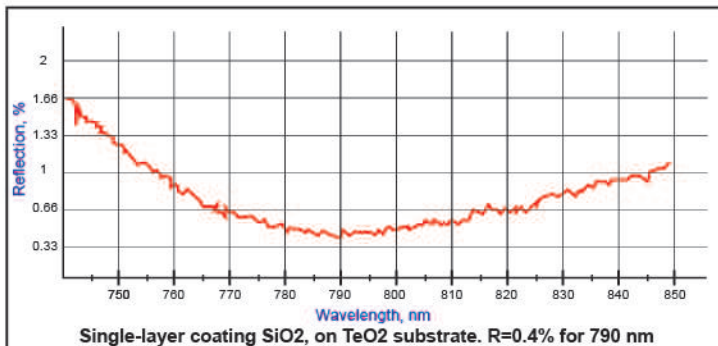
Coating thin films. AntiReflection, Protective & Metal | TF

Thin film coating by vacuum sputtering

Application -all optics, metal contacts for electrodes

- E-beam & thermal sputtering
- Thickness monitor with Quartz Crystal thickness sensor
- 4" Wafer/Sample Stage (Accommodates Up to One 4" Wafer or multiple samples within 4" diameter range)

Specification	
Substrate materials	TeO ₂ , LiNbO ₃ , Quartz, Glasses
Evaporation dielectric materials	Al ₂ O ₃ , SiO ₂ , HfO ₂ , MgF, YrF ₃
Evaporation metallic materials	Au, Cr, Ag, Cu, Ni, Sn, In
Number of deposited layers	1-5



AR coating for single wavelength

Single layer coating

Al₂O₃, SiO₂ makes coating protective

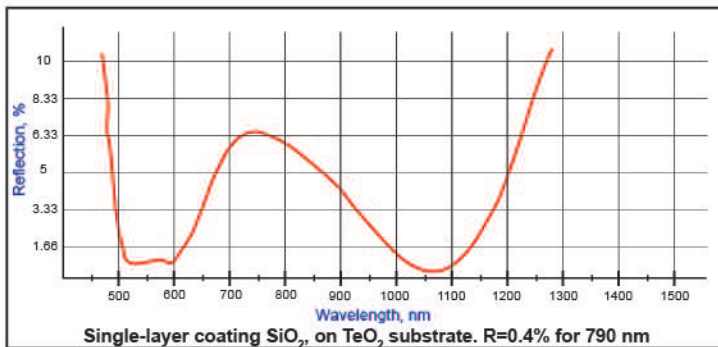
Multi layer coating

Protective outer layer Al₂O₃ or SiO₂

Layer thickness is calculated to obtain minimum reflection of all system

Application - all kind single-wave laser optics

Typical Reflection index <0,5%



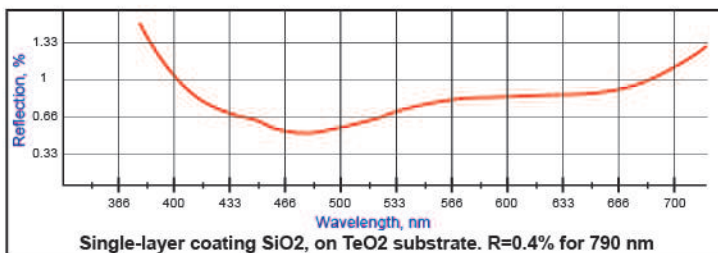
AR coating for two wavelengths

Multi layer coating

Standard 4 layers coating usually consisting of Al₂O₃, SiO₂, HfO₂, MgF

Application - second harmonic generation

Typical Reflection index for first harmonic <0,5%, for second harmonic <1%



AR coating for wideband wavelength

Multi layer coating

Up to 5 layers

Application - spectral devices and image optics

Typical Reflection index <1%

Metallic electrodes coating

- Deposit on any substrate. Basic system: Cr-Au with a thickness of 100-3000 Å, respectively. On request, any other combination is also possible.