

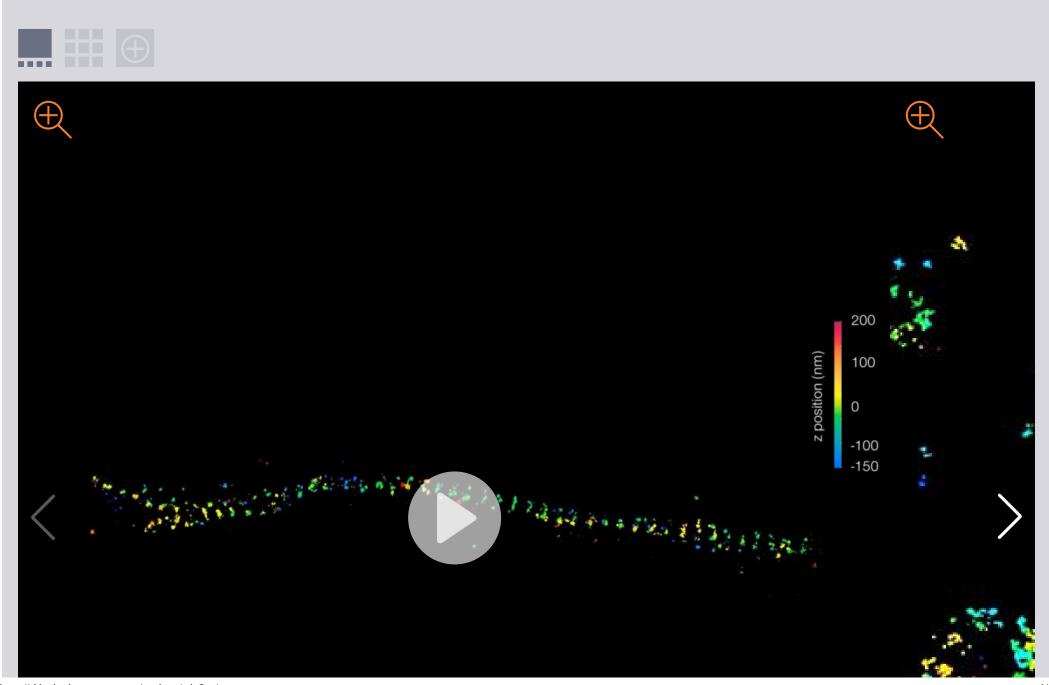
### MINFLUX 30

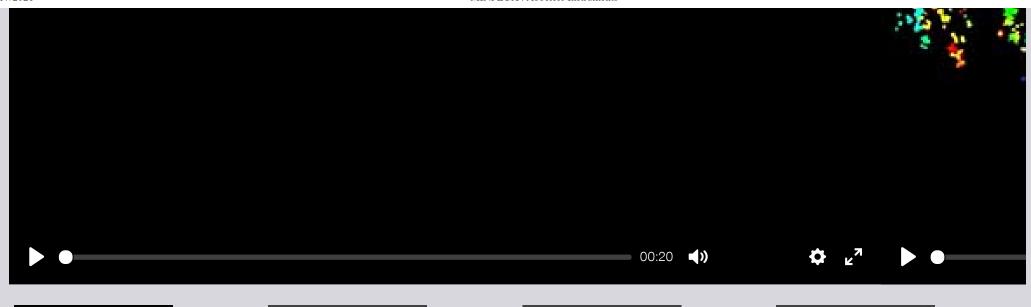
The *MINFLUX* platform offers an unprecedented array of imaging possibilities and allows you to resolve structures as small as a molecule, along all three dimensions. This unmatched resolution capability combined with unprecedented speeds reveals sample details never seen before. The *MINFLUX* is the world's most powerful fluorescence microscope.

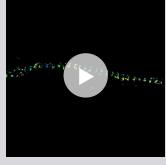


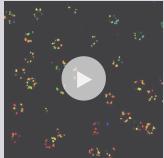


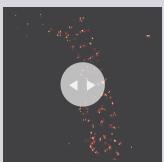


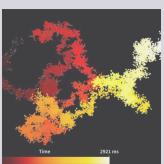




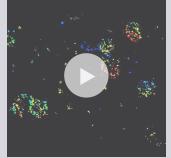


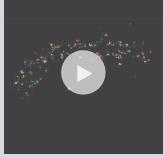


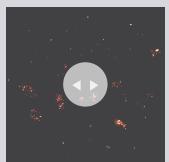


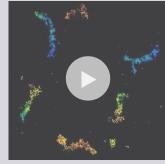


Description

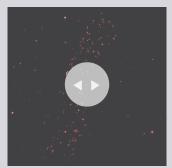


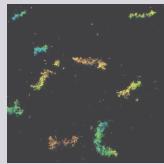


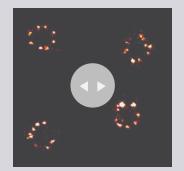


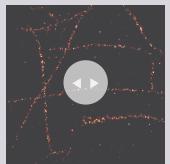












MINFLUX 3D imaging of βII spectrin in a primary hippocampal neuron labeled with Alexa Fluor 647 by indirect immunofluorescence. The axial coordinate is color-coded. Please note the periodic arrangement of spectrin along the axon.

FAQ 33

"MINFLUX 3D - the whole story!"

Watch >

FAQ 01

"Why is MINFLUX a game changer?"

Watch >



Although impactful, previous superresolution methods have failed to achieve resolutions on the length scales of the fluorescent molecules. Harnessing an entirely new and revolutionary localization principle, MINFLUX has finally

accomplished this feat. Expect a resolution leap of 10-fold compared to other superresolution methods and 100-fold compared to confocal fluorescence imaging.

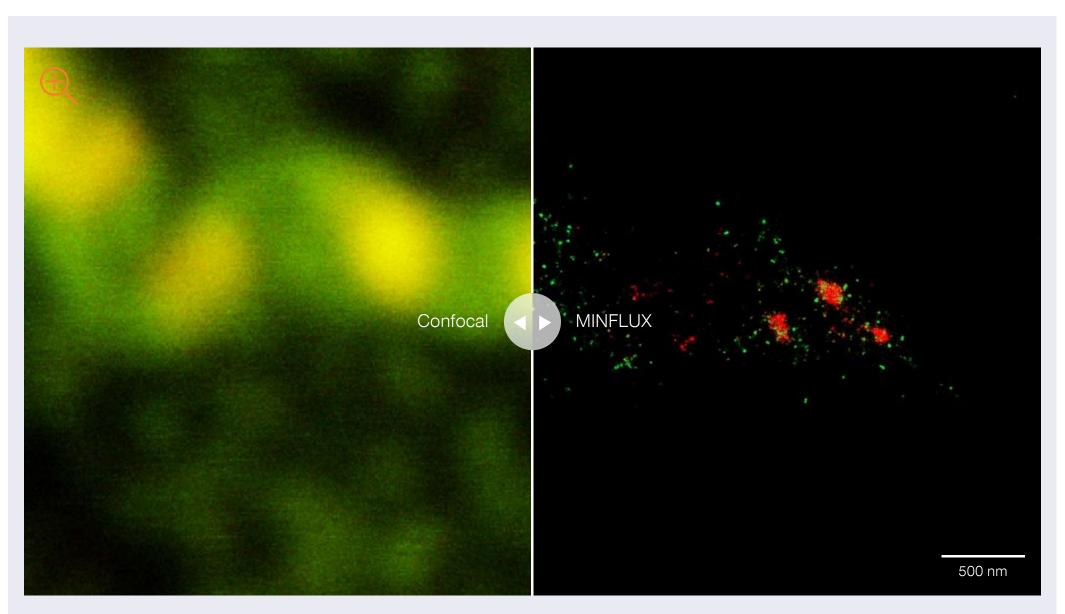
MINFLUX is the most precise and most photon-efficient way of localizing fluorescent molecules. With its new MINFLUX system, abberior has produced the first commercial fluorescence microscope that can achieve spatial resolutions of 1-3 nm (3D) in biological samples on large fields of view (10 x 15  $\mu$ m). MINFLUX imaging means getting the maximal localization information out of your sample.

### 100x faster tracking than a camera

*MINFLUX* tracks molecular movements at frequencies up to 10 kHz, resolving molecular motion every 100  $\mu$ s. That's 100 times faster than conventional camera-based methods. Of, course, tracking works in all three dimensions, i.e. along x, y, and z. Due to the low number of photons required for each localization, single molecules can be monitored with unprecedented spatio-temporal resolution (e.g. 28.000 localizations each at 20 nm resolution).

*MINFLUX* is the fastest way to localize fluorescent molecules. With its revolutionary *MINFLUX* microscope, *abberior* is raising the bar for molecular tracking with world-record temporal resolution, opening new doors for life-scientists across all disciplines.

Choose between *MINFLUX* molecular imaging and tracking at the push of a button!



Two-color confocal and *MINFLUX* images of Tom20 (green) and mitochondrial DNA (red) stained with sCy5 and CF680 in mammalian cells using indirect immunolabeling. The two

fluorophores were distinguished by ratiometric detection strategy. Note the dissimilar labeling density of the two imaged structures.

FAQ 35

"MINFLUX in 3D, where does it stop?"

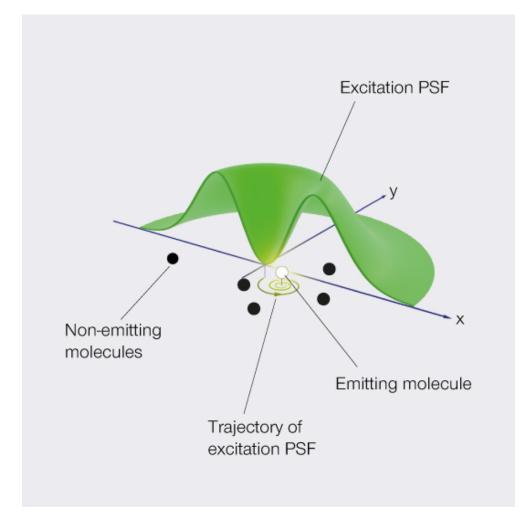
Watch >

FAQ 05

"Why is MINFLUX such a breakthrough, II?"

Watch >

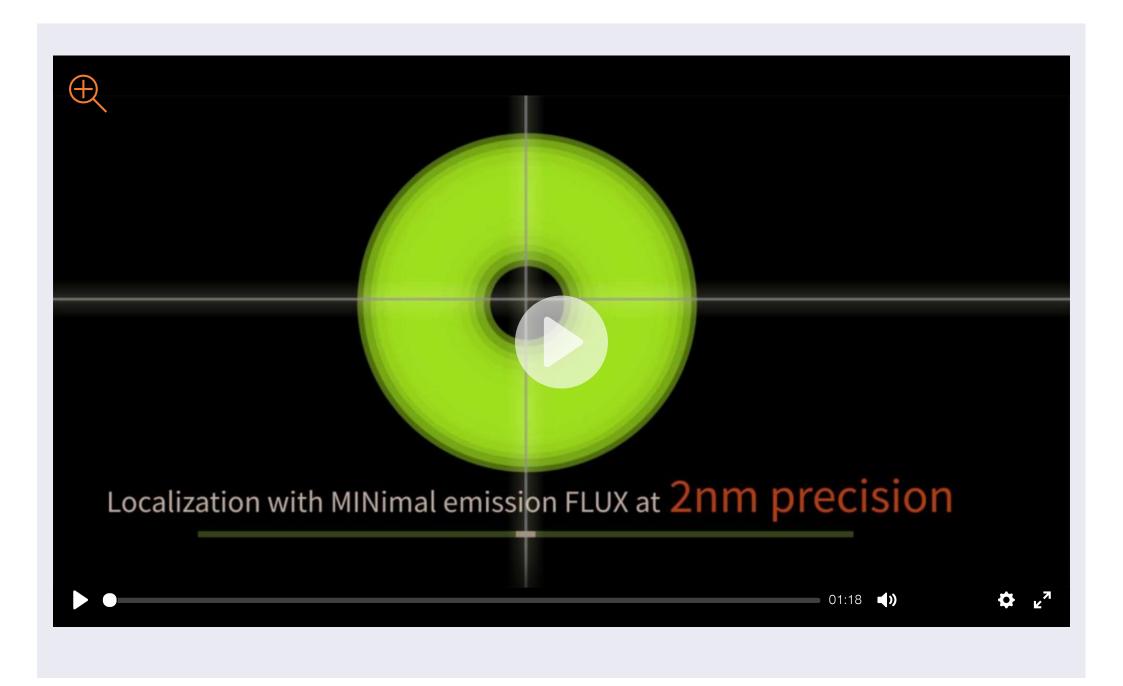
# Maximize resolution with minimal emission



MINFLUX defines an entirely new class of superresolution methods that uses the best of STED microscopy and the single molecule localization family: 1) Emitters are activated one-at-a-time to obtain the best molecule separation possible, 2) Localization is performed with a light distribution for fluorescence excitation that has a central intensity zero instead of a maximum. This fundamentally reduces the number of emitted photons required for ultimate localization precision. The central intensity-zero of the excitation beam searches for the emitting molecule by performing a clever sequence of sub-nm sized probing steps. The closer the intensity-zero is to the molecule, the lower the resulting fluorescence. By optimizing for low emission rates, the MINFLUX microscope zooms in on the molecule, concomitantly increasing the precision with which the molecular position is revealed.

MINimizing fluorescence FLUXes by matching the dark center of the excitation beam with the molecule's position localizes molecules reliably and with 1-3 nanometer precision in 3D! By relying on emission minimization rather than maximization, *MINFLUX* localization is: i) inherently fast, ii) does not discard weakly emitting molecules, iii) minimizes bleaching, and iv) is

less drift dependent. Inaccuracies due to unknown molecular orientations and tumbling that severely compromise camerabased spot-centroid localization are ruled out.



#### FAQ 10

"Isn't it super difficult to operate a MINFLUX microscope?"

#### Watch >

## Standard body work as usual

The scientists and developers at *abberior* understand the importance of smooth and simple operation when performing biological research. That's why our *MINFLUX* system is built around a standard microscope body that provides a variety of options ranging from widefield fluorescence, DIC, phase contrast over confocal and STED, all the way up to *MINFLUX*. To maximize extendability, we built our *MINFLUX* system with reliable and time-tested elements assembled on a robust optical breadboard. We use rock-solid opto-mechanical building blocks that have been proven to function seamlessly in hundreds of *abberior* microscopes all around the world.

Moreover, in line with our design philosophy for top-of-the-line instruments, our *MINFLUX* systems are future-proof: they are designed to allow adaptations with the latest technologies available: performance in perpetuity.

# Almost no drift solid as a rock

When performing experiments with nanometer resolution, miniscule sample drifts and movements can compromise performance. That's why our *MINFLUX* comes with active subnanometer stabilization technology. When *MINFLUX* imaging is performed, a fully automated stabilization system based on laser-illuminated fiducial markers keeps the sample perfectly still, with residual fluctuations < 1 nm in 3D.

- more than 100 kHz line frequency: scan 100 times faster than any other method
- 1 3 nm localization precision in 3D: resolve 100 times better than confocal microscopy
- 100 µs time per localization: track fluorophores 100 times faster than with a camera

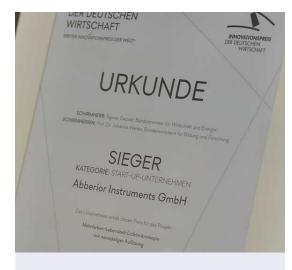
### MINFLUX – a factor of hundred



"Why is MINFLUX a game changer?"

Prof. Stefan W. Hell

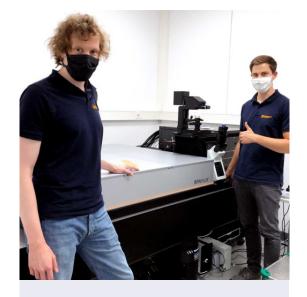
Details >



#### Mission

We're not just another microscope company. Read more about what drives us here.

Details >



New partnership for next generation superresolution microscopy

EMBL Imaging Centre will provide access to MINFLUX nanoscope from abberior

K









Details >



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